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1. (Amended) A method of stabilization of a physiologically active peptide in a process of preparing a powder containing the physiologically active peptide by drying an aqueous liquid containing the physiologically active peptide, wherein the method comprises adding to the aqueous liquid at least one compound selected from the group of a nonionic surfactant, a nonionic, organic, water soluble binder, hydrogentaed lecithin, and mannitol.

2. (Amended) A method of stabilization of a physiologically active peptide in a process of preparing a powder containing the physiologically active peptide by drying an aqueous liquid containing the physiologically active peptide, wherein the method comprises adding to the aqueous liquid mannitol and at least one compound selected from the group of a nonionic surfactant, a nonionic, organic, water soluble binder and hydrogentaed lecithin.

3. (Amended) A method of stabilization of a physiologically active peptide in a process of preparing a powder containing the physiologically active peptide by drying an aqueous liquid containing the physiologically active peptide, wherein the method comprises adding to the aqueous liquid at least one component selected from the group of a nonionic surfactant in an amount of 0.01-0.5% by weight, a nonionic, organic, water soluble binder in an amount of 0.01-0.1% by weight, hydrogentaed lecithin, and 1-50 parts by weight mannitol per one part by weight of the physiologically active peptide.

4. (Amended) A method of stabilization of a physiologically active peptide in a process of preparing a powder containing the physiologically active peptide by drying an aqueous liquid containing the physiologically active peptide, wherein the method comprises adding to the aqueous liquid 1-50 parts by weight mannitol per one part by weight of the physiologically active

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peptide and at least one component selected from the group of a nonionic surfactant in an amount of 0.01-0.5% by weight, a nonionic, organic, water soluble binder in an amount of 0.01-0.1% by weight, and hydrogentaed lecithin.

5. (Twice Amended) The method claim 1 wherein the nonionic, organic, water-soluble binder is selected from the group of polyvinylpyrrolidone, a water-soluble, nonionic cellulose derivative, and polyvinylalcholol.

10. (Twice Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the physiologically active peptide is selected from the group of growth hormones, insulins, calcitonins, erythropoietin, glucagon, somatostatin, somatostatin derivatives, interferons, interleukins, superoxide dismutase, urokinase, proteases, tumor necrosis factors, colony-stimulating factors, kallikrein, lysozyme, fibronectin, insulin-like growth factors, epidermal growth factor, fibroblast growth factors, platelet-derived growth factor, nerve growth factor, hepatocyte growth factor, vasculogenesis factors and anti-vasculogenesis factors.

17. (Twice Amended) The method for preparation of a powder containing a physiologically active peptide of claim 13 wherein the nonionic, organic, water-soluble binder is selected from the group of polyvinylpyrrolidone, a water-soluble, nonionic cellulose derivative, and polyvinylalcholol.

22. (Twice Amended) The method for preparation of a powder containing a physiologically active peptide of claim 13 wherein the physiologically active peptide is selected from the group of growth hormones, insulins, calcitonins, erythropoietin, glucagon, somatostatin, somatostatin derivatives, interferons, interleukins, superoxide dismutase, urokinase, proteases,